

Beef Feedlot Liquid Waste Utilization Plan

For:		Date:	
Office:		Field:	
Assisted by:			

Step 1

Resource Inventory

	= acre-feet in retention structure at time of evacuation
	= nitrogen content (lb/1000 gallons)
	= ammonia content (lb/1000 gallons)
	= phosphorus content (lb/1000 gallons)
	= potassium content (lb/1000 gallons)

Steps 2 - 3d are used to approximate total nutrients in liquid component

Step 2

Total Liquid Produced

Step 2a

Total Gallons from Step 1

Total Gallons = (acre-feet x 325,851 gallons per acre-foot)

Total Gallons = 0 gallons

Step 2b

Total Acre-Inches from Step 1 = (acre-feet x 12 acre-inches per acre-foot)

Total Acre-Inches = 0.0 ac-inches

Step 3

Total Nutrients in Liquid Component

Step 3a

Total Nitrogen in Liquid Component = (Total Gallons x lb of N per 1000 gallons)/1,000 Gallons

Total Nitrogen = 0 lbs.

Step 3b

Total Ammonia in Liquid Component = (Total Gallons x lb of NH₄ per 1000 gallons)/1,000 Gallons

Total Ammonia = 0 lbs.

Step 3c

Total Phosphorus in Liquid Component = (Total Gallons x lb of P per 1000 gallons)/1,000 Gallons

Total Phosphorus = 0 lbs.

Step 3d

Total Potassium in Liquid Component = (Total Gallons x lb of K per 1000 gallons)/1,000 Gallons

Total Potassium = 0 lbs.

Step 3e

Total Nutrients in Liquid Component from Steps 3a-3d

Total Nitrogen =		0 lbs.
Total Ammonia =		0 lbs.
Total Phosphorus =		0 lbs.
Total Potassium =		0 lbs.

Step 4 Plant Available Nutrients (availability after mineralization)

Step 4a Plant Available Nutrients After Mineralization

Assumes that half of the Nitrogen is nitrate - nitrogen, which is 100% available.
The other half of the Nitrogen is organic, of which 45% is available the first year.

$\text{NO}_3 - \text{N} = \text{Total N lbs.} \times 0.5 \times 100\% =$

0	lbs.
0	lbs.
0	lbs.
0	lbs.
0	lbs.

Organic - N = Total N lbs. $\times 0.5 \times 45\% =$

Ammonia - N = Ammonia N lbs. $\times 100\% =$

Phosphorus = Phosphorus $\times 90\% =$

Potassium = Potassium $\times 95\% =$

Step 4b Total Available Plant Nutrients

Total Available Nitrogen =

0	lbs.
0	lbs.
0	lbs.

Total Available Phosphorus =

Total Available Potassium =

Step 4c Total Available Plant Nutrients per 1,000 Gallons

Total Available Plant Nutrients per 1,000 Gallons = (from step 1 and availability values from step 4a)

Total Available Nitrogen =

0.0	lbs./1,000 gallons
0.0	lbs./1,000 gallons
0.0	lbs./1,000 gallons

Total Available Phosphorus (as P_2O_5) =

Total Available Potassium (as K_2O) =

Step 4c automatically converts P and K to the oxidized forms. If using the spreadsheet manually, then convert using: $\text{P}_2\text{O}_5 = \text{P} \times 2.29$ $\text{K}_2\text{O} = \text{K} \times 1.21$

Step 5 Nutrients Required By Crop

Step 5a Crop Inventory Information

Crop	Realistic Yield Goal	Acres

Step 5b Soil Test Information

PPM $\text{NO}_3\text{-N}$	PPM - P_2O_5	PPM - K_2O	% OM

Step 5c Crop Nutrient Requirements

Crop	Nutrient	Requirement (lb./ac)
0	Nitrogen	
0	P_2O_5	
0	K_2O	

Step 6 Crop Nitrogen Requirement After Nitrogen Credit from Irrigation Water

$2.7 \times \text{PPM NO}_3^- \times \text{net acre-feet water applied} = \text{lbs. N/acre}$ (insure conversion of acre-inches to acre-ft)

= ppm NO_3^-

= total net inches water applied

lbs. N/Acre = lbs./ac

Adjusted Crop #1 Nitrogen Req.= lbs./ton

(Crop #1 Nitrogen Requirement (from step 5c) - N from irrigation water)

lbs./ac.
 lbs./ac.

Step 7 Crop Nitrogen Requirement After Nitrogen Credit from Previous Legume

lbs. N/Acre fixed = lbs./ac

Adjusted Crop #1 Nitrogen Req.= lbs./ton

(Crop #1 Nitrogen Requirement (from step 5c) - N from legume fixation)

lbs./ac
 lbs./ac

Step 8 Calculate Nitrogen-based Liquid Application Rates

(from step 6) Crop Nitrogen Needs = lbs./ac

(from step 4c) Available N in Liquid = lbs./1000 gallons

lbs./ac.
 lbs./1000 gallons

N-based Application Rate (1,000 gallons/ac) = Crop N Needs (lbs/ac) x Available N (1000 gallons/lb.) =

1000 gallons/acre

1000 gallons/ac

N-based Application Rate (ac-inches/ac) = Nitrogen-based Application Rate/325,851 x 12 =

ac-inches/ac

If these application rates exceed the Available Water Holding Capacity of the soil at the time of application, the soil AWHC becomes the limiting factor, and is used to determine the liquid application rate.

Assume that only one-half of the total AWHC is ever available.

Step 9 Calculate Phosphorus-based Liquid Application Rates

(from step 6) Crop Phosphorus Needs = lbs./ac

(from step 4c) Available P_2O_5 in Liquid = lbs./1000 gallons

lbs./ac.
 lbs./1000 gallons

P_2O_5 -based Application Rate (1,000 gallons/ac) = Crop P_2O_5 needs (lbs/ac) x Available P_2O_5 (1000gallons/lb.) =

1000 gallons/acre

1000 gallons/ac

P_2O_5 -based Application Rate (ac-inches/ac) = Nitrogen-based Application Rate/325,851 x 12 =

ac-inches/ac

If these application rates exceed the Available Water Holding Capacity of the soil at the time of application, the soil AWHC becomes the limiting factor, and is used to determine the liquid application rate.

Assume that only one-half of the total AWHC is ever available.

Step 10 Calculate Potassium-based Liquid Application Rates

(from step 6) Crop Potassium Needs =

lbs./ac

0 lbs./ac.

(from step 4c) Available K₂O in Liquid =

lbs./1000 gallons

0.0 lbs./1000 gallons

K₂O-based Application Rate (1,000 gallons/ac) = Crop K₂O₅ needs (lbs/ac) x Available K₂O (1000gallons/lb.) =

1000 gallons/acre

#DIV/0! 1000 gallons/ac

K₂O-based Application Rate (ac-inches/ac) = Potassium-based Application Rate/325,851 x 12 =

#DIV/0! ac-inches/ac

If these application rates exceed the Available Water Holding Capacity of the soil at the time of application, the soil AWHC becomes the limiting factor, and is used to determine the liquid application rate. Assume that only one-half of the total AWHC is ever available.

Step 11 Calculate Approximate Acres of Crop Needed

Total Liquid Produced (from Step 2) (Ac-In.)/Application Rate (from Step 8, 9, and 10)

Nitrogen-based = Ac-In Liquid (Step 2)/N-based App. Rate (Step 8) =

#DIV/0! acres

Phosphorous-based = Ac-In Liquid (Step 2)/P-based App. Rate (Step 9) =

#DIV/0! acres

Potassium-based = Ac-In Liquid (Step 2)/K-based App. Rate (Step 10) =

#DIV/0! acres

Nitrogen-based = acres

Phosphorous-based = acres

Potassium-based = acres

NOTE!!!

Step 12 Recommended Timing of Application

Step 13 Operation and Maintenance

[illegible]

Step 14 **Additional Specification and Notes**

[illegible]

I have reviewed the attached Waste Utilization Plan, and agree to apply as specified:

Producer Signature _____

Date _____